KEY CONCEPT 5.3: NATIONALISM, REVOLUTION, & REFORM

This era is dedicated to change. The first two sections looked at the effects of the Industrial Revolution (5.1, 5.2). This concept also has a catalyst: The Enlightenment. Below, is the summary of the 18th-19th century reform movements that reshaped the Earth's status quo. It can be divided into 4 key areas of focus:

**THE CATALYST:**

The Enlightenment
An intellectual movement beginning in Europe that attempted to reform society using reason, logic, & science.

Thinkers listed by name:
- Voltaire
- Rousseau
- Locke
- Montesquieu

Documents to know:
- US Declaration of Independence (Jefferson, 1776)
- Declaration of the Rights of Man (National Assembly, 1789)
- "We hold these truths to be self-evident, that all men are created equal.
- The "Jamaica" Letter (Simon Bolivar, 1815)

Not only did the Enlightenment lead to political change, it also sparked drastic social changes:
- Women's suffrage
- End of slavery
- Feminism

**REVOLUTION**

Called to action by the Enlightenment thinkers, many groups pushed for reforms, rights, or all-out-revolutions. Below are examples of revolutions.

Revolution wasn't the only cause for change in this era. Below are other movements against authority.

**FEMINISM**

- Liberalism
- Socialism
- Communism

**POLITICAL IDEOLOGY**

- Freedom
- Equality
- Liberty
- Prosperity
- Security

**SOME MOVEMENTS TRANSCENDED NATIONAL BORDERS**

- Feminism
- Abolitionism
- Transcendentalism
- Socialism
- Communism

**LANGUAGE-RELIGION-CUSTOM-LOCATION**

People began to see beyond their village, to see commonalities between themselves and those around them. This new 'national' identity was linked to the national borders of the nation. Leaders used this to unite the people.

Independence:
- Over Whom:
  - Mughals
  - British
  - Louis XVI
  - French
- Year:
  - 1707
  - 1776
  - 1789
  - 1791
- New Nation:
  - Murathan
  - U.S.A.
  - Republic of France
  - Haiti

**REVOLUTIONS OVER EMPIRE:**

- India (Over British)
- Cuba (Over Spanish)
- Haiti (Over French)
- Latin America (Over Spanish)

**SLAVE REBELLION:**

- Anti-imperialism
- Religion
  - Taiping
  - Ghost Dance
  - Xhosa

**MAROON SOCIETIES**

(SPANISH FOR "FUGITIVE/RUNAWAY")

- 1857 Sepoy Rebellion
- Boxer Rebellion
- Taiping
- Ghost Dance
- Xhosa
- Cattle

**THESE REVOLTS LED TO SOME IMPERIAL CHANGES:**

1. Tanzimat Reforms (Ottoman Empire)
2. Self-Strengthening (Qing Empire)

**THESE MOVEMENTS**

- Women's suffrage
- End of slavery
- Feminism

**END OF SLAVERY**

- Wollstonecraft
- De Gouges
- Seneca Falls Conv.